# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5101

Chapter 300, Laws of 2005

59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

RENEWABLE ENERGY INDUSTRIES--TAX CREDITS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/1/05

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2005 YEAS 46 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 13, 2005 YEAS 96 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved May 6, 2005.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5101** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

May 6, 2005 - 11:16 a.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

# SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5101

### AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2005 Regular Session

## State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Water, Energy & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Poulsen, Morton, Fraser, Rockefeller, Pridemore, Regala, Hewitt, Kline, Kohl-Welles, Brown and Oke)

READ FIRST TIME 03/08/05.

1 AN ACT Relating to providing incentives to support renewable 2 energy; adding new sections to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating new 3 sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the use of 6 renewable energy resources generated from local sources such as solar 7 and wind power benefit our state by reducing the load on the state's 8 electric energy grid, by providing nonpolluting sources of electricity 9 generation, and by the creation of jobs for local industries that 10 develop and sell renewable energy products and technologies.

11 The legislature finds that Washington state has become a national 12 and international leader in the technologies related to the solar electric markets. The state can support these industries by providing 13 14 incentives for the purchase of locally made renewable energy products. Locally made renewable technologies benefit and protect the state's 15 environment. The legislature also finds that the state's economy can 16 be enhanced through the creation of incentives to develop additional 17 renewable energy industries in the state. 18

The legislature intends to provide incentives for the greater use of locally created renewable energy technologies, support and retain existing local industries, and create new opportunities for renewable energy industries to develop in Washington state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply 5 6 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 7 (1) "Customer-generated electricity" means the alternating current 8 electricity that is generated from a renewable energy system located on an individual's, businesses', or local government's real property that 9 is also provided electricity generated by a light and power business. 10 11 A system located on a leasehold interest does not qualify under this 12 definition. "Customer-generated electricity" does not include electricity generated by a light and power business with greater than 13 one thousand megawatt hours of annual sales or a gas distribution 14 15 business.

16 (2) "Economic development kilowatt-hour" means the actual kilowatt-17 hour measurement of customer-generated electricity multiplied by the 18 appropriate economic development factor.

(3) "Photovoltaic cell" means a device that converts light directlyinto electricity without moving parts.

(4) "Renewable energy system" means a solar energy system, an anaerobic digester as defined in RCW 82.08.900, or a wind generator used for producing electricity.

(5) "Solar energy system" means any device or combination of
devices or elements that rely upon direct sunlight as an energy source
for use in the generation of electricity.

(6) "Solar inverter" means the device used to convert directcurrent to alternating current in a photovoltaic cell system.

29 (7) "Solar module" means the smallest nondivisible self-contained 30 physical structure housing interconnected photovoltaic cells and 31 providing a single direct current electrical output.

32 (8) "Standards for interconnection to the electric distribution 33 system" means technical, engineering, operational, safety, and 34 procedural requirements for interconnection to the electric 35 distribution system of a light and power business.

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1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1) Any individual, business, or local 2 governmental entity, not in the light and power business or in the gas distribution business, may apply to the light and power business 3 serving the situs of the system, each fiscal year beginning on July 1, 4 5 2005, for an investment cost recovery incentive for each kilowatt-hour from a customer-generated electricity renewable energy system installed 6 7 on its property that is not interconnected to the electric distribution system. No incentive may be paid for kilowatt-hours generated before 8 9 July 1, 2005, or after June 30, 2014.

(2) When light and power businesses serving eighty percent of the 10 total customer load in the state adopt uniform standards for 11 12 interconnection to the electric distribution system, any individual, 13 business, or local governmental entity, not in the light and power 14 business or in the gas distribution business, may apply to the light and power business serving the situs of the system, each fiscal year, 15 16 for an investment cost recovery incentive for each kilowatt-hour from 17 a customer-generated electricity renewable energy system installed on its property that is not interconnected to the electric distribution 18 system and from a customer-generated electricity renewable energy 19 system installed on its property that is interconnected to the electric 20 21 distribution system. Uniform standards for interconnection to the 22 electric distribution system means those standards established by light 23 and power businesses that have ninety percent of total requirements the 24 same. No incentive may be paid for kilowatt-hours generated before 25 July 1, 2005, or after June 30, 2014.

(3)(a) Before submitting for the first time the application for the incentive allowed under this section, the applicant shall submit to the department of revenue and to the climate and rural energy development center at the Washington State University, established under RCW 28B.30.642, a certification in a form and manner prescribed by the department that includes, but is not limited to, the following information:

33 (i) The name and address of the applicant and location of the 34 renewable energy system;

35 (ii) The applicant's tax registration number;

36 (iii) That the electricity produced by the applicant meets the 37 definition of "customer-generated electricity" and that the renewable 38 energy system produces electricity with:

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(A) Any solar inverters and solar modules manufactured in
 Washington state;

3 (B) A wind generator powered by blades manufactured in Washington4 state;

5

(C) A solar inverter manufactured in Washington state;

6 (D) A solar module manufactured in Washington state; or

7 (E) Solar or wind equipment manufactured outside of Washington8 state;

9 (iv) That the electricity can be transformed or transmitted for 10 entry into or operation in parallel with electricity transmission and 11 distribution systems;

(v) The date that the renewable energy system received its finalelectrical permit from the applicable local jurisdiction.

14 (b) Within thirty days of receipt of the certification the department of revenue shall advise the applicant in writing whether the 15 16 renewable energy system qualifies for an incentive under this section. 17 The department may consult with the climate and rural energy development center to determine eligibility for the incentive. 18 System certifications and the information contained therein are subject to 19 disclosure under RCW 82.32.330(3)(m). 20

(4)(a) By August 1st of each year application for the incentive shall be made to the light and power business serving the situs of the system by certification in a form and manner prescribed by the department that includes, but is not limited to, the following information:

26 (i) The name and address of the applicant and location of the 27 renewable energy system;

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(ii) The applicant's tax registration number;

(iii) The date of the letter from the department of revenue stating that the renewable energy system is eligible for the incentives under this section;

32 (iv) A statement of the amount of kilowatt-hours generated by the 33 renewable energy system in the prior fiscal year.

(b) Within sixty days of receipt of the incentive certification the
light and power business serving the situs of the system shall notify
the applicant in writing whether the incentive payment will be
authorized or denied. The business may consult with the climate and

rural energy development center to determine eligibility for the 1 2 incentive payment. Incentive certifications and the information contained therein are subject to disclosure under RCW 82.32.330(3)(m). 3 (c)(i) Persons receiving incentive payments shall keep and 4 5 preserve, for a period of five years, suitable records as may be necessary to determine the amount of incentive applied for and 6 received. Such records shall be open for examination at any time upon 7 notice by the light and power business that made the payment or by the 8 department. If upon examination of any records or from other 9 10 information obtained by the business or department it appears that an incentive has been paid in an amount that exceeds the correct amount of 11 12 incentive payable, the business may assess against the person for the 13 amount found to have been paid in excess of the correct amount of 14 incentive payable and shall add thereto interest on the amount. Interest shall be assessed in the manner that the department assesses 15 16 interest upon delinguent tax under RCW 82.32.050.

(ii) If it appears that the amount of incentive paid is less than the correct amount of incentive payable the business may authorize additional payment.

(5) The investment cost recovery incentive may be paid fifteen cents per economic development kilowatt-hour unless requests exceed the amount authorized for credit to the participating light and power business. For the purposes of this section, the rate paid for the investment cost recovery incentive may be multiplied by the following factors:

(a) For customer-generated electricity produced using solar modulesmanufactured in Washington state, two and four-tenths;

(b) For customer-generated electricity produced using a solar or a wind generator equipped with an inverter manufactured in Washington state, one and two-tenths;

31 (c) For customer-generated electricity produced using an anaerobic 32 digester, or by other solar equipment or using a wind generator 33 equipped with blades manufactured in Washington state, one; and

34 (d) For all other customer-generated electricity produced by wind,35 eight-tenths.

36 (6) No individual, household, business, or local governmental 37 entity is eligible for incentives for more than two thousand dollars 38 per year.

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1 (7) If requests for the investment cost recovery incentive exceed 2 the amount of funds available for credit to the participating light and 3 power business, the incentive payments shall be reduced 4 proportionately.

5 (8) The climate and rural energy development center at Washington 6 State University energy program may establish guidelines and standards 7 for technologies that are identified as Washington manufactured and 8 therefore most beneficial to the state's environment.

9 (9) The environmental attributes of the renewable energy system 10 belong to the applicant, and do not transfer to the state or the light 11 and power business upon receipt of the investment cost recovery 12 incentive.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) A light and power business shall be 13 allowed a credit against taxes due under this chapter in an amount 14 equal to investment cost recovery incentive payments made in any fiscal 15 16 year under section 3 of this act. The credit shall be taken in a form 17 and manner as required by the department. The credit under this section for the fiscal year shall not exceed twenty-five one-hundredths 18 of one percent of the businesses' taxable power sales due under RCW 19 20 82.16.020(1)(b) or twenty-five thousand dollars, whichever is greater. 21 The credit may not exceed the tax that would otherwise be due under this chapter. Refunds shall not be granted in the place of credits. 22 23 Expenditures not used to earn a credit in one fiscal year may not be 24 used to earn a credit in subsequent years.

(2) For any business that has claimed credit for amounts that 25 26 exceed the correct amount of the incentive payable under section 3 of this act, the amount of tax against which credit was claimed for the 27 excess payments shall be immediately due and payable. The department 28 shall assess interest but not penalties on the taxes against which the 29 30 credit was claimed. Interest shall be assessed at the rate provided 31 for delinquent excise taxes under chapter 82.32 RCW, retroactively to the date the credit was claimed, and shall accrue until the taxes 32 against which the credit was claimed are repaid. 33

34 (3) The right to earn tax credits under this section expires June
35 30, 2015. Credits may not be claimed after June 30, 2016.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) Using existing sources of information, 1 2 the department shall report to the house appropriations committee, the house committee dealing with energy issues, the senate committee on 3 ways and means, and the senate committee dealing with energy issues by 4 5 December 1, 2009. The report shall measure the impacts of this act, including the total number of solar energy system manufacturing 6 7 companies in the state, any change in the number of solar energy system manufacturing companies in the state, and, where relevant, the effect 8 on job creation, the number of jobs created for Washington residents, 9 and such other factors as the department selects. 10

11 (2) The department shall not conduct any new surveys to provide the 12 report in subsection (1) of this section.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. If specific funding for the purposes of this 14 act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by 15 June 30, 2005, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and 16 void.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Sections 2 through 5 of this act are each 18 added to chapter 82.16 RCW.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate 20 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 21 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 22 July 1, 2005.

> Passed by the Senate April 20, 2005. Passed by the House April 13, 2005. Approved by the Governor May 6, 2005. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 6, 2005.